



Report on Sustainable Competitiveness of Cities Worldwide

(2018–2019)

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Introduction of GUCR

The Global Urban Competitiveness Report (GUCR) is a cooperative research conducted by the Chinese Academy of Social Sciences (CASS) and UN-Habitat focusing on sustainable urban competitiveness, urban land and urban finance. Led by Prof. Ni Pengfei and Mr. Marco Kamiya, the project is participated by experts from CASS, UN-Habitat and well-known scholars in relevant fields. Through theoretical research and empirical investigation, the report establishes an indicator system to measure the economic competitiveness and sustainable competitiveness of more

than 1,000 cities in the world. Meanwhile, it selects important issues of global urban development as the themes for in-depth studies, aiming to promote the implementation of the UN 2030 agenda through the assessment of urban competitiveness. Currently, five annual reports have been published successively, among which GUCR (2018-2019) was launched at the UN headquarters in New York City during the 74th session of the UN General Assembly, and the GUCR (2019-2020) was released in Abu Dhabi during the 10th World Urban Forum.

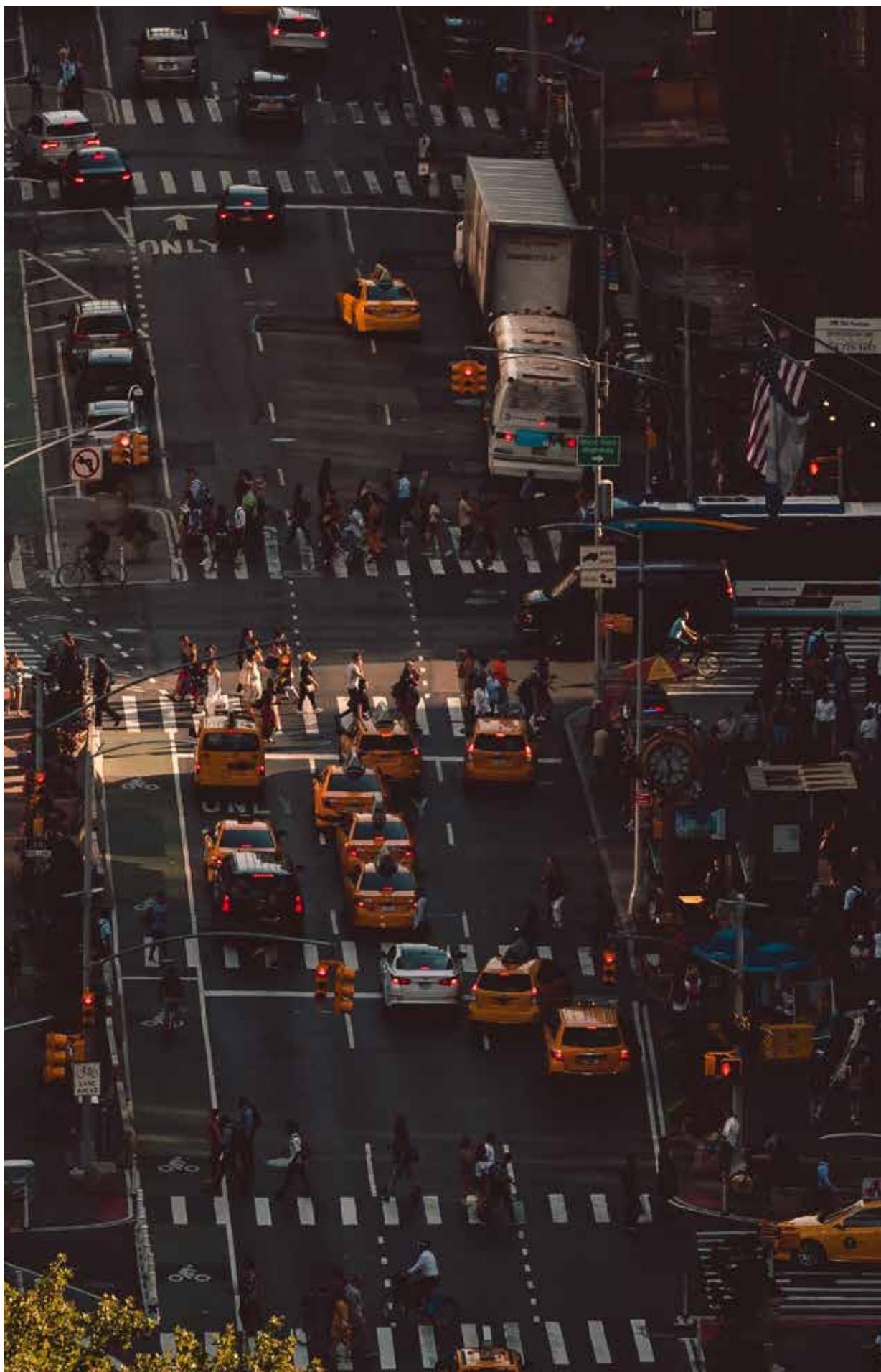
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Introduction

Since 2016, while innovation's contribution to global economic growth has significantly increased, innovations have also become more widespread in the world with multiple poles and the impact of Asian countries on the global pattern of innovations has been growing. With the transfer of some R&D and innovation activities to developing countries such as China, Brazil and India, the sustainable competitiveness of emerging economies improved significantly. It is worth noting, though, that while the global innovation landscape will continue to be dominated

by developed countries in North America and West Europe, but a new global landscape of innovation offers opportunities for China, India and other emerging countries to bring in advanced economic factors and pool resources from across the world for innovation. It also lays an important foundation for the transformation and development of Chinese and Indian cities and for the overall improvement of their sustainable competitiveness, changing the overall structure of the sustainable competitiveness of cities worldwide.



1

Overall structure: a tripod is taking shape

1.1 Global Top 20: Fewer European and U.S. entries, more East Asian new-comers

As we can see in the global rankings by sustainable competitiveness provided in this report, the Top 20 cities of the world have changed slightly from the previous report. The rankings of five long-time leaders, i.e. Munich, Stuttgart, Stockholm, Frankfurt and Boston and Philadelphia dropped

slightly, while East Asian cities such as Seoul, Shenzhen and Taipei continued to rise. The world rankings by high-income population increment generally remained stable, yet the overall economic density of U.S. cities dropped significantly.

Table 1 Top 20 cities of the world and changes in their world rankings

City	Country	Continent	Sustainable competitiveness		High-income population density		High-income population increment	
			Ranking	Change	Ranking	Change	Ranking	Change
Tokyo	Japan	Asia	1	0	1	0	11	0
Singapore	Singapore	Asia	2	0	10	0	1	0
New York	U.S.A.	N. America	3	0	2	0	46	-5
London	U.K.	Europe	4	0	6	0	21	0
Paris	France	Europe	5	0	4	0	39	0
Hong Kong	China	Asia	6	0	22	-1	3	0
San Francisco	U.S.A.	N. America	7	0	8	0	33	1
Osaka	Japan	Asia	8	0	5	0	85	0
Barcelona	Spain	Europe	9	0	24	0	10	-1
Chicago	U.S.A.	N. America	10	0	7	0	91	-3
Seoul	Republic of Korea	Asia	11	8	11	3	66	2
Madrid	Spain	Europe	12	2	15	2	42	1
Munich	Germany	Europe	13	-2	59	-6	2	0
Stuttgart	Germany	Europe	14	-2	51	-8	4	0
Shenzhen	China	Asia	15	2	37	1	9	1
Stockholm	Sweden	Europe	15	-2	25	0	19	0
Moscow	Russia	Europe	16	1	23	3	23	-1
Los Angeles	U.S.A.	N. America	17	3	3	0	205	-2
Frankfurt am Main	Germany	Europe	18	-2	48	1	7	0
Boston	U.S.A.	N. America	19	-4	14	-2	65	0
Philadelphia	U.S.A.	N. America	20	-2	13	0	68	-1

1.2 Global Top 200: Asia has the most entries for the first time and a tripod pattern has taken shape

As a result of the overall improvement in the rankings by sustainable competitiveness of Asian cities, Asia had 71 entries in the world's Top 200 cities, which is higher than North America, Oceania and Africa combined. Up

to 94 Asian cities are among the global Top 200 by high-income population increment, nearly half of the total, but there is still much room for improvement in terms of high-income population density.

Table 2 Distribution of Top 200 cities of the world by continent

	N. America	Oceania	Africa	S. America	Europe	Asia
Sustainable competitiveness	56	6	2	9	56	71
High-income population increment	52	6	2	9	37	94
High-income population density	52	6	1	11	67	63

Source: Urban and Competitiveness Research Center, Chinese Academy of Social Sciences

1.3 On the global level, West Asian cities see clear clustering effect in development and their sustainable competitiveness began to rise

For the year 2018, the sustainable competitiveness of cities worldwide as a whole declines slightly and the general trend is a diverging one. The growth of high-income population increment sped up, while the

increase in high-income population density is seen in some clusters. Table 3 gives descriptive statistics on the sustainable competitiveness of 1,006 cities worldwide.

Table 3 Descriptive statistics of sustainable competitiveness of 1,006 cities worldwide

Parameter	Sustainable competitiveness 2018	Sustainable competitiveness 2017	Ranking change	High-income population increment 2018	High-income population increment 2017	Ranking change	High-income population density 2018	High-income population density 2017	Ranking change
Mean	0.432	0.434	-10.7	0.31	0.313	-10.1	0.486	0.488	-10.8
Standard deviation	0.083	0.083	10.177	0.125	0.124	7.81	0.058	0.059	5.35
Coefficient of variation	0.193	0.192	-0.951	0.402	0.397	-0.773	0.119	0.12	-0.495
Sample size	1,006	1,006	1,006	1,006	1,006	1,006	1,006	1,006	1,006

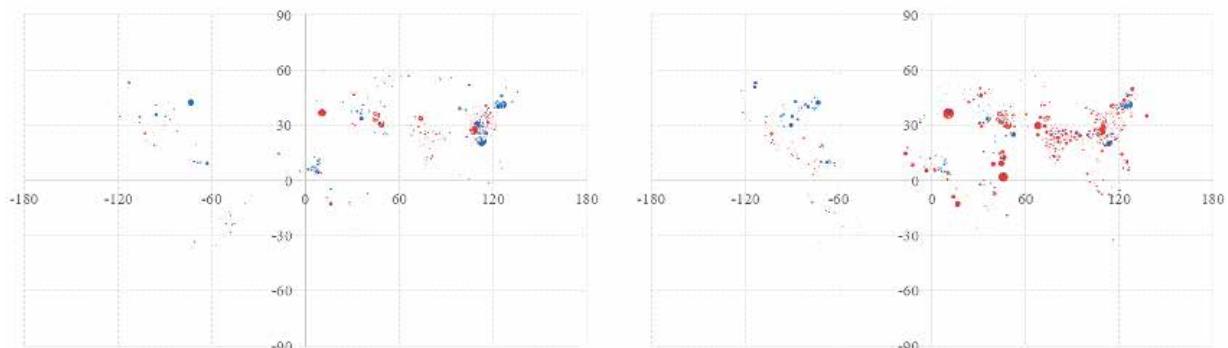
Source: Urban and Competitiveness Research Center, Chinese Academy of Social Sciences

Table 3 shows that the average sustainable competitiveness score of cities worldwide decreased slightly from the 0.434 of 2017 to the 0.432 of 2018, the average high-income population increment score decreased from the 0.313 of 2017 to the 0.31 of 2018, and the average high-income population density score fell from the 0.488 of 2017 to the 0.486 of 2018. Meanwhile, the coefficients of variation for sustainable competitiveness was up from the 0.192 of 2017 to the 0.193 of 2018, that for high-income population increment was up from the 0.397 of 2017 to the 0.402 of 2018, and that for high-income population density fell slightly from the 0.12 of 2017 to the 0.119 of 2018.

Figure 1 is given below to present a more intuitive picture of changes in the global rankings by sustainable competitiveness and changes in the standardization index.

It can be seen that the rankings of cities worldwide by sustainable competitiveness changed very mildly from the previous report. North and South American cities remained relatively stable on the list, while West Asian cities moved up slightly. At the same time, in terms of the cities' standardization index, the rankings of Asian cities improved significantly, while cities in most other regions of the world remained stable in their rankings.

Figure 1 Changes in the global rankings of cities worldwide by sustainable competitiveness (left) and the corresponding standardization index (right)



Note: Red indicates positive change in ranking while blue indicates negative change, and the bigger the dot the greater the change of ranking. The same below

Figure 2 shows changes in global rankings by high-income population increment and the corresponding standardization index. It can be seen that the changes in the rankings by high-income population increment remained relatively stable, with upward moves seen only in parts of China

and a few cities in West Asia and East Europe. As for changes in the standardization index, North American cities largely maintained their positions, while the sustainable competitiveness of cities in the eastern and central regions has improved significantly.

Figure 2 Changes in the global rankings by high-income population increment (left) and the corresponding standardization index (right)

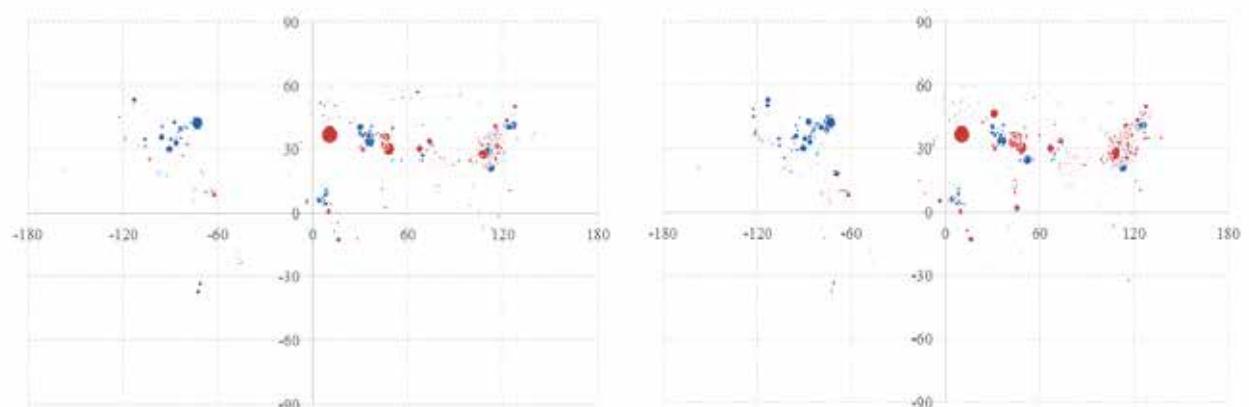


Figure 3 shows changes in global rankings by high-income population density and the corresponding standardization index. Compared with the situation of sustainable competitiveness and high-income population increment, the increase in high-income population density is more clear in West Asia. Therefore, the sustainable competitiveness of cities in West Asia started to improve.

Figure 3 Changes in the global rankings by high-income population density (left) and the corresponding standardization index (right)



1.4. On the regional level: Matthew effect in developed cities fades and Asian cities are catching up in all aspects

In terms of sustainable competitiveness, the old pattern dominated by Western developed cities changed as the rankings of these cities fell and emerging cities in East and South Asia moved up. Table 4 gives a comparison of the rankings by sustainable competitiveness by continent.

Table 4 Changes in global rankings by sustainable competitiveness by continent

Oceania									
Mean	0.572	0.573	-0.857	0.446	0.449	-3.429	0.608	0.608	-3.429
Standard deviation	0.087	0.088	2.795	0.152	0.152	4.353	0.055	0.056	1.988
Coefficient of variation	0.152	0.153	-3.26	0.341	0.338	-1.27	0.09	0.092	-0.58
Min	0.446	0.447	-5	0.175	0.179	-12	0.5	0.499	-6
Max	0.705	0.706	3	0.641	0.643	1	0.658	0.66	-1
Sample size	7	7	7	7	7	7	7	7	7
Africa									
Mean	0.194	0.19	-3.745	0.1	0.099	-1.235	0.257	0.251	-3.882
Standard deviation	0.103	0.103	22.394	0.077	0.075	26.925	0.125	0.125	21.38
Coefficient of variation	0.533	0.541	-5.98	0.771	0.763	-21.797	0.486	0.498	-5.507
Min	0	0	-53	0	0	-68	0	0	-63
Max	0.529	0.521	92	0.345	0.338	164	0.629	0.624	48
Sample size	102	102	102	102	102	102	102	102	102
South America									
Mean	0.332	0.332	-8.547	0.214	0.215	-5.08	0.398	0.397	-10.16
Standard deviation	0.112	0.113	12.853	0.112	0.112	13.575	0.118	0.12	14.225
Coefficient of variation	0.337	0.341	-1.504	0.524	0.521	-2.672	0.297	0.302	-1.4
Min	0.111	0.111	-45	0.015	0.015	-40	0.09	0.09	-61
Max	0.666	0.665	14	0.593	0.592	44	0.635	0.636	15
Sample size	75	75	75	75	75	75	75	75	75
Europe									
Mean	0.436	0.436	-6.024	0.273	0.275	-6.77	0.531	0.53	-5.984
Standard deviation	0.176	0.176	11.009	0.143	0.143	10.743	0.215	0.216	11.258
Coefficient of variation	0.403	0.404	-1.828	0.524	0.52	-1.587	0.406	0.408	-1.881
Min	0.135	0.131	-32	0.05	0.048	-39	0.133	0.127	-37
Max	0.858	0.861	37	0.844	0.847	30	0.931	0.933	25
Sample size	126	126	126	126	126	126	126	126	126
Asia									
Mean	0.302	0.294	4.623	0.201	0.197	4.835	0.355	0.345	4.612
Standard deviation	0.142	0.143	21.805	0.13	0.13	21.522	0.149	0.151	23.667
Coefficient of variation	0.47	0.488	4.717	0.646	0.657	4.451	0.418	0.437	5.131
Min	0.02	0.012	-168	0	0	-107	0.037	0.022	-179
Max	1	1	108	1	1	118	1	1	107
Sample size	565	565	565	565	565	565	565	565	565

Source: Urban and Competitiveness Research Center, Chinese Academy of Social Sciences.

As can be seen from Table 4, the sustainable competitiveness of cities in North America generally declined and their rankings also fell. The average high-income population increment of North American, South American and European cities also declined to varying degrees, and the rankings dropped slightly as a result. At the same time, the gaps between cities continued to expand. In comparison, the sustainable competitiveness,

average high-income population increment and average high-income population density of Asian cities improved to varying degrees, which led to an overall improvement in Asian cities' rankings and narrower gaps between them. The sustainable competitiveness of African cities improved slightly. Therefore, the Matthew effect of high sustainable competitiveness of Western cities is fading, while emerging cities in Asia are catching up.

1.5 G20: Excellent overall performance, continuous improvement in all aspects, and slight decline in rankings

The overall sustainable competitiveness of cities in G20 countries is excellent, and improvements are seen also in high-income population increment and high-income population density. However, affected by the overall situation of Western cities, the rankings

of G20 cities by sustainable competitiveness, high-income population increment and high-income population density all declined slightly. Table 5 gives descriptive statistics of the sustainable competitiveness of G20 cities.

Table 5 Descriptive statistics of the sustainable competitiveness of G20 cities

Parameter	Sustainable competitiveness 2018	Sustainable competitiveness 2017	Ranking change	High-income population increment 2018	High-income population increment 2017	Ranking change	High-income population density 2018	High-income population density 2017	Ranking change
Mean	0.36	0.356	-0.543	0.243	0.242	-0.865	0.421	0.415	-0.536
Standard deviation	0.159	0.161	19.563	0.146	0.147	19.094	0.172	0.175	21.141
Coefficient of variation	0.44	0.452	-36.053	0.602	0.608	-22.082	0.408	0.421	-39.452
Min	0.092	0.086	-168	0.008	0.01	-116	0.077	0.075	-179
Max	1	1	108	1	1	100	0.931	0.933	107
Sample size	739	739	739	739	739	739	739	739	739

Source: Urban and Competitiveness Research Center, Chinese Academy of Social Sciences.

Table 5 shows that the average sustainable competitiveness, high-income population increment and high-income population density of G20 cities

all improved slightly, specifically from 0.356, 0.242 and 0.415 in 2017 to 0.36, 0.243 and 0.421 in 2018, respectively, but their rankings by all these indicators

somewhat dropped. At the same time, the differences in sustainable competitiveness, high-income population increment, and high-income population

density among these cities narrowed, with the coefficients of variation down from 0.452, 0.608, and 0.421 to 0.44, 0.602, and 0.408, respectively.

2

Regional comparison: the average score of the Top 10 East Asian cities surpassed that of European and North American cities for the first time

2.1 Top 10 cities of North America: The overall sustainable competitiveness continued to decline but dominance in global landscape remained

Affected by the overall decline in the sustainable competitiveness of North American cities on the whole, the sustainable competitiveness of the Top 10 cities of North America and their rankings in

the world also showed a downward trend. Table 6 gives descriptive statistics of the sustainable competitiveness of the Top 10 cities of North America.

Table 6 Descriptive statistics of the sustainable competitiveness of the Top 10 North American cities

Parameter	Sustainable competitiveness 2018	Sustainable competitiveness 2017	Ranking change	High-income population increment 2018	High-income population increment 2017	Ranking change	High-income population density 2018	High-income population density 2017	Ranking change
Mean	0.759	0.763	-0.8	0.733	0.738	-0.1	0.667	0.671	-3.5
Standard deviation	0.068	0.069	1.135	0.11	0.11	0.994	0.071	0.071	4.17
Coefficient of variation	0.09	0.09	-1.419	0.149	0.149	-9.944	0.106	0.106	-1.191
Min	0.675	0.676	-2	0.634	0.633	-2	0.533	0.535	-13
Max	0.923	0.927	1	0.971	0.975	2	0.751	0.754	2
Sample size	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10

Source: Urban and Competitiveness Research Center, Chinese Academy of Social Sciences.

From Table 6, it can be seen that compared to 2017, the average sustainable competitiveness, high-income population increment, and high-income population

density of the Top 10 North American cities in 2018 decreased by 0.004, 0.005, and 0.004 point, respectively, but the coefficient of variation did not change.

2.2 Top 10 of Europe: sustainable competitiveness and high-income population increment dropped less than North American peers

Affected by the overall decline in the sustainable competitiveness of European and North American cities, the sustainable competitiveness and the high-income population increment of the Top 10 European

cities declined, but not as much as North American cities. Table 7 gives descriptive statistics of the sustainable competitiveness of the Top 10 European cities.

Table 7 Descriptive statistics of the sustainable competitiveness of the Top 10 European cities

Parameter	Sustainable competitiveness 2018	Sustainable competitiveness 2017	Ranking change	High-income population increment 2018	High-income population increment 2017	Ranking change	High-income population density 2018	High-income population density 2017	Ranking change
Mean	0.773	0.774	0.2	0.6	0.601	-0.2	0.826	0.826	-0.1
Standard deviation	0.048	0.049	0.632	0.133	0.133	1.398	0.068	0.068	0.568
Coefficient of variation	0.062	0.063	3.162	0.221	0.221	-6.992	0.082	0.082	-5.676
Min	0.725	0.722	-1	0.435	0.441	-3	0.735	0.732	-1
Max	0.858	0.861	1	0.844	0.847	2	0.931	0.933	1
Sample size	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10

Source: Urban and Competitiveness Research Center, Chinese Academy of Social Sciences.

As can be seen, the global rankings of the Top 10 European cities improved slightly. In 2018, the average sustainable competitiveness of the Top 10 European cities and the average high-income population increment decreased by 0.001 and 0.01, respectively, but their average high-income population density did

not change. A change in the general trend is that the gaps between the Top 10 European cities by sustainable competitiveness narrowed with a coefficient of variation down from 0.063 to 0.062, but gaps in terms of high-income population increment and high-income population density did not change.

2.3 Top 10 of east Asia: Tokyo leads the world

Thanks to the overall improvement of the sustainable competitiveness of East Asian cities, Tokyo became the most sustainable city in the world. At the same time, East Asian cities' rankings by sustainable competitiveness, high-

income population increment and high-income population density all improved to varying degrees. Table 8 gives descriptive statistics of the sustainable competitiveness of the Top 10 cities in East Asia.

Table 8 Descriptive statistics of the sustainable competitiveness of the Top 10 North Asian cities

Parameter	Sustainable competitiveness 2018	Sustainable competitiveness 2017	Ranking change	High-income population increment 2018	High-income population increment 2017	Ranking change	High-income population density 2018	High-income population density 2017	Ranking change
Mean	0.808	0.805	0.667	0.675	0.674	0.111	0.814	0.811	1
Standard deviation	0.104	0.106	0.707	0.174	0.175	2.088	0.106	0.108	2.398
Coefficient of variation	0.128	0.132	1.061	0.258	0.259	18.795	0.131	0.133	2.398
Min	0.68	0.678	0	0.456	0.456	-4	0.668	0.67	-1
Max	1	1	2	1	1	4	1	1	7
Sample size	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10

Source: Urban and Competitiveness Research Center, Chinese Academy of Social Sciences.

It can be seen from Table 8 that, unlike the situation of North American cities, East Asian cities improved on all three indicators, the gaps between cities tended to narrow, and the overall rankings improved significantly. East Asian cities' scores for sustainable

competitiveness, high-income population increment, and high-income population density increased by 0.003, 0.001, and 0.003 respectively in 2018, and the coefficients of variation decreased by 0.004, 0.001, and 0.002, respectively.



2.4 Top 10 of South America: overall sustainable competitiveness did not drop much but gaps widened

The overall sustainable competitiveness of South American cities did not drop much but the gaps between these cities widened and the overall

rankings declined. Table 9 gives descriptive statistics of the sustainable competitiveness of the Top 10 cities of South America.

Table 9 Descriptive statistics of the sustainable competitiveness of the Top 10 South American cities

Parameter	Sustainable competitiveness 2018	Sustainable competitiveness 2017	Ranking change	High-income population increment 2018	High-income population increment 2017	Ranking change	High-income population density 2018	High-income population density 2017	Ranking change
Mean	0.532	0.533	-3	0.42	0.42	1.4	0.561	0.565	-8.2
Standard deviation	0.071	0.067	9.821	0.118	0.118	9.766	0.04	0.038	14.351
Coefficient of variation	0.133	0.127	-3.274	0.282	0.282	6.976	0.071	0.068	-1.75
Min	0.45	0.464	-21	0.273	0.263	-14	0.496	0.516	-39
Max	0.666	0.665	6	0.593	0.592	24	0.635	0.636	6
Sample size	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10

Source: Urban and Competitiveness Research Center, Chinese Academy of Social Sciences.

Table 9 shows that the overall competitiveness of the Top 10 cities of South America declined slightly, and their world rankings by sustainable competitiveness, high-income population increment and high-income population density all went down. The sustainable competitiveness score dropped from 0.533 to 0.532,

and the average high-income population density dropped from 0.565 to 0.561. The score of high-income population increment did not change. However, the coefficients of variation went up by 0.005 and 0.003 respectively, so the gaps between cities widened.



2.5. Top 10 of Africa: Siphon effect enhances African cities' sustainable competitiveness

The sustainable competitiveness of the Top 10 cities of Africa improved significantly, and their rankings in the world also improved sharply. However, the continent on the whole is moving fast towards polarization of its cities. Table 10 gives descriptive statistics of the sustainable competitiveness of the Top 10 cities of Africa.

Table 10 Descriptive statistics of the sustainable competitiveness of the Top 10 African cities

Parameter	Sustainable competitiveness 2018	Sustainable competitiveness 2017	Ranking change	High-income population increment 2018	High-income population increment 2017	Ranking change	High-income population density 2018	High-income population density 2017	Ranking change
Mean	0.41	0.405	4.2	0.26	0.257	0.6	0.496	0.49	2.3
Standard deviation	0.058	0.056	13.831	0.071	0.069	15.457	0.058	0.057	11.036
Coefficient of variation	0.141	0.138	3.293	0.275	0.27	25.762	0.118	0.116	4.798
Min	0.34	0.332	-26	0.11	0.108	-32	0.43	0.427	-19
Max	0.529	0.521	27	0.345	0.338	25	0.629	0.624	21
Sample size	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10

Source: Urban and Competitiveness Research Center, Chinese Academy of Social Sciences.

As can be seen from Table 10, the sustainable competitiveness, high-income population increment and high-income population density of African cities all improved significantly, with the average values up by 0.005, 0.003, and 0.006, respectively; but the coefficients of variation also increased by 0.003, 0.005, and 0.002, showing a clear siphon effect.

3**Selected countries: Indian cities saw the largest strides up****3.1 India: Sustainable competitiveness improved greatly and gaps narrowed**

Compared with cities in other countries and regions, Indian cities saw the largest increases in sustainable competitiveness, moving fast up the global rankings,

and the gaps between the cities narrowed significantly. Table 11 is descriptive statistics of the sustainable competitiveness of the Top 10 cities of India.

Table 11 Descriptive statistics of the sustainable competitiveness of the Top 10 Indian cities

Parameter	Sustainable competitiveness 2018	Sustainable competitiveness 2017	Ranking change	High-income population increment 2018	High-income population increment 2017	Ranking change	High-income population density 2018	High-income population density 2017	Ranking change
Mean	0.324	0.309	24.1	0.137	0.131	14.8	0.461	0.439	31.3
Standard deviation	0.055	0.055	3.542	0.046	0.045	8.27	0.068	0.068	9.821
Coefficient of variation	0.171	0.178	0.147	0.337	0.341	0.559	0.148	0.156	0.314
Min	0.271	0.255	19	0.085	0.08	3	0.356	0.333	15
Max	0.435	0.418	31	0.211	0.203	26	0.592	0.568	44
Sample size	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10

Source: Urban and Competitiveness Research Center, Chinese Academy of Social Sciences.

As can be seen from Table 11, the average sustainable competitiveness of the Top 10 cities of India increased by 0.015, the average high-income population increment increased was up by 0.006, and the high-income population density increased by 0.008. It is worth noting that the coefficient of variation for

sustainable competitiveness of the Top 10 cities of India decreased by 0.007, that for high-income population increment decreased by 0.004, and that for high-income population density decreased by 0.008, showing narrowed gaps between cities, which is quite rare.

3.2 China: Sustainable competitiveness increased, rankings improved, and gaps narrowed

China's Top 10 cities saw their sustainable competitiveness increase by a margin that is smaller only than those seen by Indian peers. Their overall rankings improved, and the gaps between the cities narrowed. Table 12 gives descriptive statistics of the sustainable competitiveness of the Top 10 cities of China.

Table 12 Descriptive statistics of the sustainable competitiveness of the Top 10 Chinese cities

Parameter	Sustainable competitiveness 2018	Sustainable competitiveness 2017	Ranking change	High-income population increment 2018	High-income population increment 2017	Ranking change	High-income population density 2018	High-income population density 2017	Ranking change
Mean	0.675	0.669	2.3	0.527	0.524	0.7	0.717	0.711	2.7
Standard deviation	0.09	0.091	4.244	0.064	0.064	2.946	0.111	0.113	4.423
Coefficient of variation	0.133	0.135	1.845	0.122	0.122	4.208	0.155	0.158	1.638
Min	0.57	0.576	-7	0.446	0.442	-4	0.582	0.587	-7
Max	0.855	0.855	9	0.658	0.658	4	0.919	0.919	7
Sample size	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10

Source: Urban and Competitiveness Research Center, Chinese Academy of Social Sciences.

As can be seen from Table 12, the rankings of the Top 10 Chinese cities by sustainable competitiveness, high-income population increment and high-income population density all improved. The average sustainable competitiveness, high-income population increment and high-income population density was up by 0.006, 0.003, and 0.006, respectively, higher than European and North American cities, but lower than Indian cities. The coefficients of variation for the first and the last indicators decreased by 0.002 and 0.003, respectively, while that for high-income population increment did change, showing narrower gaps between the cities.



3.3 Nigeria: The overall decline was the largest in the world and gaps continued to widen

As a relatively underdeveloped region in the world, the overall sustainable competitiveness of Nigerian cities dropped significantly, and so did their rankings in the world. The gaps between Nigerian cities continued to widen. Table 13 gives descriptive statistics of the sustainable competitiveness of the Top 10 cities of Nigeria.

Table 13 Descriptive statistics of the sustainable competitiveness of the Top 10 Nigerian cities

Parameter	Sustainable competitiveness 2018	Sustainable competitiveness 2017	Ranking change	High-income population increment 2018	High-income population increment 2017	Ranking change	High-income population density 2018	High-income population density 2017	Ranking change
Mean	0.264	0.275	-38	0.132	0.143	-39.2	0.355	0.364	-34
Standard deviation	0.053	0.055	8.589	0.068	0.071	17.1	0.037	0.037	9.499
Coefficient of variation	0.201	0.2	-0.226	0.516	0.495	-0.436	0.103	0.102	-0.279
Min	0.218	0.225	-53	0.062	0.073	-68	0.31	0.317	-46
Max	0.382	0.395	-26	0.268	0.282	-22	0.436	0.446	-19
Sample size	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10

Source: Urban and Competitiveness Research Center, Chinese Academy of Social Sciences.

As can be seen from Table 13, the sustainable competitiveness , high-income population increment, and high-income population density of top Nigerian cities declined across the board, falling by 0.011, 0.011, and 0.009 respectively, the largest drops in the world. At the same time, the coefficients of variation increased by 0.001, 0.021, and 0.001, respectively, showing that the gaps between these cities continued to expand.

3.4 Brazil: The overall sustainable competitiveness declined slightly with a generally diverging trend

The overall sustainable competitiveness of the Top 10 cities of Brazil declined slightly, and the trend is divergence across different cities. Table 14 gives a descriptive statistics of the sustainable competitiveness of the Top 10 Brazilian cities.



Table 14 Descriptive statistics of the sustainable competitiveness of the Top 10 Brazilian cities

Parameter	Sustainable competitiveness 2018	Sustainable competitiveness 2017	Ranking change	High-income population increment 2018	High-income population increment 2017	Ranking change	High-income population density 2018	High-income population density 2017	Ranking change
Mean	0.432	0.434	-10.7	0.31	0.313	-10.1	0.486	0.488	-10.8
Standard deviation	0.083	0.083	10.177	0.125	0.124	7.81	0.058	0.059	5.35
Coefficient of variation	0.193	0.192	-0.951	0.402	0.397	-0.773	0.119	0.12	-0.495
Min	0.355	0.355	-29	0.158	0.163	-24	0.383	0.386	-18
Max	0.613	0.617	1	0.566	0.571	-1	0.564	0.569	-3
Sample size	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10

Source: Urban and Competitiveness Research Center, Chinese Academy of Social Sciences.

As can be seen from Table 14, the average sustainable competitiveness of Brazilian cities decreased by 0.002, the average high-income population increment decreased by 0.003, and the average high-income population density decreased by 0.002. These are relatively small drops. At the same time, the coefficients of variation for the first two indicators increased by 0.001 and 0.005, respectively, showing a trend of divergence.

3.5 United States: The overall sustainable competitiveness declined, the rankings went down, and gaps widened slightly

Ranking higher than their peers in all other countries, the Top 10 U.S. cities saw their sustainable competitiveness decrease, and their rankings drop on

the whole. The gaps between these cities also expanded slightly. Table 15 gives descriptive statistics of the sustainable competitiveness of the Top 10 U.S. cities.

Table 15 Descriptive statistics of the sustainable competitiveness of the Top 10 U.S. cities

Parameter	Sustainable competitiveness 2018	Sustainable competitiveness 2017	Ranking change	High-income population increment 2018	High-income population increment 2017	Ranking change	High-income population density 2018	High-income population density 2017	Ranking change
Mean	0.753	0.758	-1.3	0.708	0.715	-1.2	0.68	0.684	-3.2
Standard deviation	0.074	0.073	1.703	0.151	0.148	3.584	0.088	0.089	4.237
Coefficient of variation	0.098	0.096	-1.31	0.214	0.207	-2.987	0.129	0.13	-1.324
Min	0.668	0.676	-5	0.397	0.418	-11	0.533	0.535	-13
Max	0.923	0.927	1	0.971	0.975	2	0.835	0.842	2
Sample size	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10

Source: Urban and Competitiveness Research Center, Chinese Academy of Social Sciences.

As can be seen from Table 15, the average sustainable competitiveness, high-income population increment, and high-income population density of top U.S. cities all declined, falling by 0.005, 0.007, and 0.004 respectively, second only to the drops of Nigerian

cities. At the same time, the gaps between these cities in terms of sustainable competitiveness and high-income population density both widened, as the coefficients of variation rose by 0.002 and 0.007, respectively.

3.6 Germany: The overall competitiveness is high, and the high-income population density is the highest in the world

The overall sustainable competitiveness of German cities is only lower than that of cities in the United States and China. Their rankings fluctuated slightly and the

trend for high-income population increment diverged. Table 16 gives descriptive statistics of the sustainable competitiveness of the Top 10 German cities.

Table 16 Descriptive statistics of the sustainable competitiveness of the Top 10 German cities

Parameter	Sustainable competitiveness 2018	Sustainable competitiveness 2017	Ranking change	High-income population increment 2018	High-income population increment 2017	Ranking change	High-income population density 2018	High-income population density 2017	Ranking change
Mean	0.654	0.656	-0.3	0.365	0.369	-6.9	0.841	0.841	0.1
Standard deviation	0.09	0.09	1.567	0.129	0.128	8.478	0.063	0.064	0.568
Coefficient of variation	0.138	0.138	-5.223	0.353	0.347	-1.229	0.074	0.076	5.676
Min	0.521	0.522	-3	0.175	0.179	-25	0.715	0.713	-1
Max	0.764	0.766	3	0.515	0.516	0	0.931	0.933	1
Sample size	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10

Source: Urban and Competitiveness Research Center, Chinese Academy of Social Sciences.

As can be seen, the average sustainable competitiveness of German cities for the year 2018 is 0.654, lower only than the 0.753 of U.S. cities and the 0.675 of Chinese cities. The high-income population density of German

cities is also lower than the 0.708 of the U.S. cities and the 0.527 of Chinese cities. However, German cities had the highest high-income population density in the world, which is greater than China's 0.717.

4 Conclusions

Through comparisons between 1,006 sample cities around the world, between different regions, and across cities in some selected countries, we reached the following conclusions:

First, a tripod structure has taken shape in terms of the sustainable competitiveness of cities worldwide. Among the Top 200 cities of the world by sustainable competitiveness, Asia has 71 entries, ranking first among all continents, Asia also contributed 94 cities to the global rankings by high-income population increment and 63 cities to the Top 200 by high-income population density. A multi-center pattern thus took form.

Second, the sustainable competitiveness and high-income population density of the Top 10 cities of East Asia surpassed those of top European and the North American cities for the first time. For the year 2018, the average sustainable competitiveness of the Top 10 cities of East Asia stands at 0.808 and the score for high-income population density is 0.814, higher than the corresponding figures of top European and North American cities. At the same time, the gaps between in terms of high-income population increment between Northeast Asia, Europe and North America also narrowed.

Third, the Top 10 cities of India saw the largest increases in their sustainable competitiveness. For the year 2018, the average competitiveness, high-income population increment, and high-income population density of the Top 10 Indian cities increased by 0.015, 0.006, and 0.006, respectively, the largest strides up globally, and their overall rankings also rose. At the same time, the gap between these Indian cities narrowed.

Appendix

Sustainable Competitiveness Rankings of Cities Worldwide, 2018–2019

city	Country	Score	Ranking	city	Country	Score	Ranking
Tokyo	Japan	1	1	Berlin	Germany	0.7559	24
Singapore	Singapore	0.9671	2	Houston	U.S.A.	0.7526	26
New York-Newark	U.S.A.	0.9338	3	Melbourne	Australia	0.7405	27
London	U.K.	0.8925	4	Shanghai	China	0.7334	28
Paris	France	0.8756	5	Rome	Italy	0.732	29
Hong Kong	China	0.8729	6	Manchester	U.K.	0.7155	30
San Francisco	U.S.A.	0.851	7	Seattle	U.S.A.	0.7139	31
Osaka	Japan	0.8358	8	Cleveland	U.S.A.	0.7123	32
Barcelona	Spain	0.8275	9	San Jose	U.S.A.	0.7114	33
Chicago	U.S.A.	0.8122	10	Atlanta	U.S.A.	0.7098	34
Seoul	Republic of Korea	0.7983	11	Hamburg	Germany	0.705	35
Madrid	Spain	0.7953	12	Vienna	Austria	0.7042	36
Munich	Germany	0.795	13	Hiroshima	Japan	0.7038	37
Stuttgart	Germany	0.795	14	Birmingham	U.K.	0.7015	38
Shenzhen	China	0.7543	15	Milan	Italy	0.7005	39
Stockholm	Sweden	0.7936	15	Montreal	Canada	0.6993	40
Moscow	Russia	0.7934	16	Dallas-Fort Worth	U.S.A.	0.699	41
Los Angeles-Long Beach-Santa Ana	U.S.A.	0.7898	17	Beijing	China	0.6967	42
Frankfurt am Main	Germany	0.7833	18	Tel Aviv-Yafo	Israel	0.6902	43
Boston	U.S.A.	0.7817	19	Zurich	Switzerland	0.69	44
Philadelphia	U.S.A.	0.7773	20	Sydney	Australia	0.6899	45
Toronto	Canada	0.7697	21	Baltimore	U.S.A.	0.6875	46
Taipei	China	0.7688	22	Nagoya	Japan	0.6874	47
Miami	U.S.A.	0.7584	23	Hannover	Germany	0.6864	48

Denver-Aurora	U.S.A.	0.6861	49
Buenos Aires	Argentina	0.6813	50
Kitakyushu-Fukuoka	Japan	0.6803	51
Copenhagen	Denmark	0.6786	52
Amsterdam	Netherlands	0.6773	53
Salt Lake City	U.S.A.	0.6749	54
Guangzhou	China	0.6707	55
Perth	Australia	0.6701	56
Incheon	Republic of Korea	0.6694	57
San Diego	U.S.A.	0.6692	58
Raleigh	U.S.A.	0.6691	59
Washington, D.C.	U.S.A.	0.6674	60
Vancouver	Canada	0.6656	61
Kuala Lumpur	Malaysia	0.6649	62
Brussels	Belgium	0.6633	63
Detroit	U.S.A.	0.6568	64
Suzhou	China	0.6566	65
Orlando	U.S.A.	0.6563	66
Valencia	Spain	0.6546	67
West Yorkshire	U.K.	0.6531	68
Cologne	Germany	0.6524	69
Geneva	Switzerland	0.6499	70
Austin	U.S.A.	0.6457	71
Helsinki	Finland	0.6435	72
Bridgeport-Stamford	U.S.A.	0.6396	73
Richmond	U.S.A.	0.6386	74
Daejeon	Republic of Korea	0.638	75
Jerusalem	Israel	0.6379	76
Istanbul	Turkey	0.6341	77
Ulsan	Republic of Korea	0.634	78
Doha	Qatar	0.6296	79
Hartford	U.S.A.	0.6289	80
Columbus	U.S.A.	0.626	81
Haifa	Israel	0.622	82
Sao Paulo	Brazil	0.6219	83
Nanjing	China	0.6218	84
Phoenix-Mesa	U.S.A.	0.6168	85
Antwerp	Belgium	0.6167	86
Sapporo	Japan	0.6167	87
Mexico City	Mexico	0.6099	88

Milwaukee	U.S.A.	0.6095	89
Gwangju	Republic of Korea	0.607	90
Malaga	Spain	0.6061	91
Xiamen	China	0.6046	92
Busan	Republic of Korea	0.6041	93
San Jose	Costa Rica	0.6037	94
Las Vegas	U.S.A.	0.6026	95
Glasgow	U.K.	0.602	96
Tianjin	China	0.6011	97
Dortmund	Germany	0.5995	98
Naples	Italy	0.5955	99
Daegu	Republic of Korea	0.5952	100
Louisville	U.S.A.	0.5951	101
Adelaide	Australia	0.5929	102
Dubai	#N/A	0.5927	103
Santiago de Chile	Chile	0.5912	104
Athens	Greece	0.5891	105
Riyadh	Saudi Arabia	0.5883	106
Essen	Germany	0.5878	107
Foshan	China	0.5834	108
Pretoria	South Africa	0.5817	109
Taichung	China	0.5809	110
Dresden	Germany	0.58	111
Auckland	New Zealand	0.5767	112
Calgary	Canada	0.5759	113
Hangzhou	China	0.5745	114
Virginia Beach	U.S.A.	0.5741	115
Brisbane	Australia	0.5735	116
Wuxi	China	0.5734	117
Saint Petersburg	Russia	0.5703	118
Wuhan	China	0.5699	119
Dongguan	China	0.5697	120
Dusseldorf	Germany	0.5696	121
Qingdao	China	0.5686	122
Chengdu	China	0.5685	123
Tampa-St. Petersburg	U.S.A.	0.5683	124
Zaragoza	Spain	0.5668	125
Lyon	France	0.5663	126
New Haven	U.S.A.	0.5659	127
Worcester	U.S.A.	0.5646	128

Bogota	Colombia	0.5634	129
Lille	France	0.5634	130
Leipzig	Germany	0.562	131
Dublin	Ireland	0.5611	132
Kaohsiung	China	0.56	133
Lima	Peru	0.5587	134
Hamilton	Canada	0.5569	135
Belfast	U.K.	0.5563	136
Liege	Belgium	0.5536	137
Colorado Springs	U.S.A.	0.5529	138
Nashville-Davidson	U.S.A.	0.5524	139
Charlotte	U.S.A.	0.5521	140
Medina	Saudi Arabia	0.5506	141
Zhongshan	China	0.5497	142
Buffalo	U.S.A.	0.5493	143
Torino	Italy	0.5487	144
Hague, The	Netherlands	0.5486	145
Changsha	China	0.5479	146
Ningbo	China	0.5452	147
Minneapolis-Saint Paul	U.S.A.	0.5429	148
Macao	China	0.5427	149
Astana	Kazakhstan	0.5415	150
San Antonio	U.S.A.	0.5405	151
Rio de Janeiro	Brazil	0.5396	152
Jedda	Saudi Arabia	0.5389	153
Sendai	Japan	0.5382	154
Rotterdam	Netherlands	0.5376	155
Provo-Orem	U.S.A.	0.5376	156
Beirut	Lebanon	0.5354	157
Changzhou	China	0.5339	158
Oslo	Norway	0.5329	159
Lisbon	Portugal	0.5311	160
Baton Rouge	U.S.A.	0.5295	161
San Juan	Puerto Rico	0.529	162
Venice	Italy	0.5279	163
Zhengzhou	China	0.5269	164
Hefei	China	0.5255	165
Leicester	U.K.	0.5246	166
Shizuoka-Hamamatsu M.M.A.	Japan	0.5245	167
New Orleans	U.S.A.	0.5245	168

Providence	U.S.A.	0.5234	169
Verona	Italy	0.5224	170
Tainan	China	0.5219	171
Ottawa-Gatineau	Canada	0.5193	172
Yantai	China	0.5186	173
Pittsburgh	U.S.A.	0.5177	174
Tehran	Iran	0.5165	175
Gold Coast	Australia	0.5159	176
Bangkok	Thailand	0.5148	177
Indianapolis	U.S.A.	0.5145	178
Johannesburg	South Africa	0.5143	179
Honolulu	U.S.A.	0.5136	180
Budapest	Hungary	0.5134	181
Bologna	Italy	0.5133	182
Sofia	Bulgaria	0.511	183
Ahvaz	Iran	0.5108	184
Barcelona-Puerto La Cruz	Venezuela	0.5106	185
Amman	Jordan	0.51	186
Kansas City	U.S.A.	0.5098	187
Toulouse	France	0.5089	188
Jinan	China	0.5081	189
Montevideo	Uruguay	0.5069	190
Oklahoma City	U.S.A.	0.5066	191
Ogden	U.S.A.	0.5063	192
Florence	Italy	0.5059	193
Xi' an	China	0.5052	194
Dalian	China	0.5051	195
Johor Bahru	Malaysia	0.5047	196
Marseille-Aix-en-Provence	France	0.5044	197
Leon	Mexico	0.5005	198
Zhuhai	China	0.5004	199
Porto	Portugal	0.4994	200
Zhenjiang	China	0.4986	201
Liverpool	U.K.	0.4959	202
Charleston-North Charleston	U.S.A.	0.4958	203
Minsk	Belarus	0.4946	204
Santo Domingo	#N/A	0.4945	205
Prague	Czech Republic	0.4944	206
Valencia	Venezuela	0.494	207
Dammam	Saudi Arabia	0.4931	208

Niigata	Japan	0.4912	209
Memphis	U.S.A.	0.4895	210
Karaj	Iran	0.4885	211
Columbia	U.S.A.	0.488	212
Caracas	Venezuela	0.4857	213
Samut Prakan	Thailand	0.4855	214
Bristol	U.K.	0.4853	215
Riverside-San Bernardino	U.S.A.	0.4848	216
Jakarta	Indonesia	0.4832	217
Zibo	China	0.4826	218
Fuzhou (FJ)	China	0.4823	219
Catania	Italy	0.4817	220
Mecca	Saudi Arabia	0.4808	221
Cape Coral	U.S.A.	0.4806	222
Rochester	U.S.A.	0.4804	223
Changchun	China	0.4802	224
Bucuresti	Romania	0.4793	225
Brasilia	Brazil	0.4792	226
Nantong	China	0.4791	227
Dayton	U.S.A.	0.4787	228
Nanchang	China	0.4772	229
Xuzhou	China	0.476	230
Cape Town	South Africa	0.4754	231
Ankara	Turkey	0.4726	232
Rosario	Argentina	0.4719	233
Abu Dhabi	#N/A	0.4717	234
Cincinnati	U.S.A.	0.4694	235
Quanzhou	China	0.4689	236
Kuwait City	Kuwait	0.468	237
Sharjah	#N/A	0.4678	238
Porto Alegre	Brazil	0.4666	239
Shenyang	China	0.4644	240
Yangzhou	China	0.4641	241
Jiaxing	China	0.4637	242
Kumamoto	Japan	0.4619	243
Nottingham	U.K.	0.4619	244
Changwon	Republic of Korea	0.4618	245
Gothenburg	Sweden	0.4616	246
Izmir	Turkey	0.4615	247
Bursa	Turkey	0.4614	248

Mendoza	Argentina	0.4612	249
Bari	Italy	0.4608	250
Knoxville	U.S.A.	0.4603	251
Newcastle upon Tyne	U.K.	0.4587	252
Poznan	Poland	0.4586	253
Birmingham	U.S.A.	0.4583	254
Akron	U.S.A.	0.4582	255
Genoa	Italy	0.4578	256
Greater Vitória	Brazil	0.4578	257
Taiyuan	China	0.4553	258
Quebec	Canada	0.455	259
Panama City	Panama	0.4549	260
Shijiazhuang	China	0.4545	261
Luanda	Angola	0.4535	262
Chongqing	China	0.4531	263
Shaoxing	China	0.4521	264
Maracaibo	Venezuela	0.4519	265
Huizhou	China	0.4512	266
Seville	Spain	0.4512	267
Sheffield	U.K.	0.4502	268
Havana	Cuba	0.45	269
Grand Rapids	U.S.A.	0.4498	270
Tijuana	Mexico	0.4496	271
Edmonton	Canada	0.4492	272
Tangshan	China	0.4488	273
Nantes	France	0.448	274
Taizhou (JS)	China	0.4479	275
Portland	U.S.A.	0.4472	276
Maracay	Venezuela	0.4451	277
Muscat	Oman	0.444	278
Taizhou (ZJ)	China	0.4425	279
Delhi	India	0.442	280
Monterrey	Mexico	0.4417	281
Winnipeg	Canada	0.4404	282
Bordeaux	France	0.4404	283
Allentown	U.S.A.	0.4402	284
Baghdad	Iraq	0.4399	285
Cordoba	Argentina	0.4398	286
Medellin	Colombia	0.4397	287
Juarez	Mexico	0.4394	288

Weifang	China	0.4379	289
Erbil	Iraq	0.4369	290
Harbin	China	0.436	291
Surabaya	Indonesia	0.431	292
Kunming	China	0.4309	293
Santiago de Los Caballeros	#N/A	0.4305	294
Campinas	Brazil	0.4283	295
Guadalajara	Mexico	0.4274	296
Palermo	Italy	0.4272	297
Algiers	Algeria	0.4267	298
Padova	Italy	0.4266	299
Xiangtan	China	0.4264	300
Lagos	Nigeria	0.426	301
Weihai	China	0.4254	302
Dongying	China	0.4244	303
Jining	China	0.4243	304
Hsinchu	China	0.4236	305
Krakow	Poland	0.4235	306
Guiyang	China	0.4229	307
Oran	Algeria	0.422	308
Adana	Turkey	0.4208	309
Sacramento	U.S.A.	0.4205	310
Be'er Sheva	Israel	0.4204	311
Thessaloniki	Greece	0.4196	312
Gebze	Turkey	0.4195	313
Warsaw	Poland	0.419	314
Quito	Ecuador	0.4189	315
Toulon	France	0.4172	316
El Paso	U.S.A.	0.417	317
San Luis Potosi	Mexico	0.4147	318
Tyumen	Russia	0.4136	319
Wenzhou	China	0.4125	320
Ipo	Malaysia	0.4123	321
Zhuzhou	China	0.4118	322
Asuncion	Paraguay	0.4115	323
Nice	France	0.4103	324
Bakersfield	U.S.A.	0.4099	325
Baku	Azerbaijan	0.4096	326
Durban	South Africa	0.4096	327
Valparaiso	Chile	0.4095	328
Omaha	U.S.A.	0.4072	329
Haikou	China	0.4067	330
Ufa	Russia	0.4057	331
Yancheng	China	0.4048	332
Ribeirao Preto	Brazil	0.4047	333
Zhangzhou	China	0.4036	334
Nanning	China	0.4035	335
Luoyang	China	0.4023	336
Merida	Mexico	0.4011	337
Sao Jose dos Campos	Brazil	0.401	338
Bangalore	India	0.4008	339
Zhoushan	China	0.3994	340
Belo Horizonte	Brazil	0.3988	341
Jinhua	China	0.3982	342
Lodz	Poland	0.3978	343
Wuhu	China	0.3977	344
Ikorodu	Nigeria	0.3971	345
Santa Cruz	Bolivia	0.3962	346
Hohhot	China	0.3955	347
Cali	Colombia	0.3953	348
Lanzhou	China	0.395	349
Zagreb	Croatia	0.3941	350
Rizhao	China	0.394	351
Shantou	China	0.3938	352
Santa Fe	Argentina	0.3933	353
Samara	Russia	0.3925	354
Belgrade	Serbia	0.3903	355
Huzhou	China	0.3886	356
Jiangmen	China	0.388	357
Daqing	China	0.3879	358
Liuzhou	China	0.3871	359
Urumqi	China	0.3857	360
Queretaro	Mexico	0.3856	361
Tulsa	U.S.A.	0.3852	362
Taian	China	0.3846	363
Dezhou	China	0.3831	364
Tucson	U.S.A.	0.3829	365
Yichang	China	0.3827	366
Lianyungang	China	0.3815	367
Aguascalientes	Mexico	0.3815	368

Langfang	China	0.3801	369
Almaty	Kazakhstan	0.3798	370
Sarasota-Bradenton	U.S.A.	0.3793	371
Jilin	China	0.379	372
Torreón	Mexico	0.3783	373
Guatemala City	Guatemala	0.3781	374
McAllen	U.S.A.	0.378	375
Shiraz	Iran	0.3774	376
Jieyang	China	0.3773	377
Huaian	China	0.377	378
Recife	Brazil	0.3759	379
Fresno	U.S.A.	0.3754	380
Anyang	China	0.3754	381
Xuchang	China	0.3753	382
Xiangyang	China	0.3744	383
Baotou	China	0.3743	384
Mumbai	India	0.3742	385
Putian	China	0.3735	386
Puebla	Mexico	0.373	387
Curitiba	Brazil	0.3729	388
Jundiaí	Brazil	0.3728	389
Nanyang	China	0.3725	390
Villahermosa	Mexico	0.3722	391
Kiev	Ukraine	0.3719	392
Manaus	Brazil	0.3705	393
Cartagena	Colombia	0.37	394
Xining	China	0.3697	395
Beihai	China	0.3696	396
Matamoros	Mexico	0.3695	397
Zaozhuang	China	0.3693	398
Baoding	China	0.3682	399
Yinchuan	China	0.3679	400
Handan	China	0.3678	401
Jiaozuo	China	0.3677	402
Deyang	China	0.3675	403
Gaziantep	Turkey	0.3671	404
Manila	Philippines	0.3668	405
Pekanbaru	Indonesia	0.3661	406
Binzhou	China	0.3655	407
Bremen	Germany	0.3646	408

Kazan	Russia	0.364	409
Perm	Russia	0.3636	410
Fortaleza	Brazil	0.3635	411
Zhaoqing	China	0.363	412
Samarinda	Indonesia	0.363	413
Puyang	China	0.3626	414
Maoming	China	0.3624	415
Abuja	Nigeria	0.3623	416
Bengbu	China	0.3621	417
Maanshan	China	0.3612	418
Chenzhou	China	0.3588	419
Antalya	Turkey	0.3579	420
Huangshi	China	0.3567	421
Mar Del Plata	Argentina	0.3567	422
Tripoli	Libya	0.3567	423
Kirkuk	Iraq	0.3563	424
San Salvador	El Salvador	0.3563	425
Toluca	Mexico	0.3557	426
Qinhuangdao	China	0.3551	427
Batam	Indonesia	0.355	428
Nairobi	Kenya	0.3547	429
Albuquerque	U.S.A.	0.3536	430
Ezhou	China	0.353	431
Sorocaba	Brazil	0.3527	432
Luohe	China	0.3506	433
Guayaquil	Ecuador	0.3503	434
Pingdingshan	China	0.3502	435
Tabriz	Iran	0.3498	436
Tunis	Tunisia	0.3497	437
Mashhad	Iran	0.349	438
Saltillo	Mexico	0.3479	439
Liaocheng	China	0.3468	440
Luzhou	China	0.3467	441
Suqian	China	0.3467	442
Jingdezhen	China	0.3465	443
Salvador	Brazil	0.3462	444
Yueyang	China	0.3457	445
Cangzhou	China	0.3456	446
Kaifeng	China	0.3453	447
Belem	Brazil	0.3447	448

Saratov	Russia	0.3435	449
Bandung	Indonesia	0.3428	450
Xinyu	China	0.3422	451
Goiania	Brazil	0.3415	452
Culiacan	Mexico	0.3402	453
Hermosillo	Mexico	0.3388	454
Linyi	China	0.3387	455
Ordos	China	0.3386	456
Port Elizabeth	South Africa	0.3384	457
Zigong	China	0.3384	458
Arequipa	Peru	0.338	459
Pingxiang	China	0.338	460
Huaibei	China	0.338	461
Baoji	China	0.3376	462
Ashgabat	Turkmenistan	0.337	463
Chaozhou	China	0.3355	464
Heze	China	0.3354	465
Liupanshui	China	0.3349	466
Kuching	Malaysia	0.3337	467
Yingtan	China	0.3334	468
Guilin	China	0.3333	469
Hebi	China	0.333	470
Anshan	China	0.3329	471
Cochabamba	Bolivia	0.3324	472
Joinville	Brazil	0.3322	473
Mianyang	China	0.3319	474
Yuxi	China	0.3318	475
Panjin	China	0.3315	476
Riga	Latvia	0.3315	477
Dhaka	Bangladesh	0.3309	478
Xinxiang	China	0.3298	479
Jingzhou	China	0.3298	480
Shangrao	China	0.3296	481
Buraydah	Saudi Arabia	0.3287	482
Chennai	India	0.3284	483
Jingmen	China	0.3283	484
Xianyang	China	0.3282	485
Jinzhou	China	0.3273	486
Sanya	China	0.3271	487
Sulaymaniyah	Iraq	0.327	488
Shiyan	China	0.3266	489
Wuzhou	China	0.3264	490
Zhanjiang	China	0.3261	491
Yibin	China	0.3252	492
Hengyang	China	0.3251	493
Changde	China	0.3246	494
Malang	Indonesia	0.3235	495
Cairo	Egypt	0.3234	496
Yiyang	China	0.3229	497
Balikpapan	Indonesia	0.3228	498
Xingtai	China	0.3219	499
Hengshui	China	0.3216	500
Yulin (GX)	China	0.3212	501
Tbilisi	Georgia	0.32	502
Cancun	Mexico	0.3198	503
Albany	U.S.A.	0.3198	504
Uberlandia	Brazil	0.3197	505
Ziyang	China	0.3195	506
Port Harcourt	Nigeria	0.319	507
Yangjiang	China	0.3181	508
Tongling	China	0.318	509
Trujillo	Peru	0.3178	510
Yaroslavl	Russia	0.3177	511
Palembang	Indonesia	0.3177	512
Reynosa	Mexico	0.3175	513
Accra	Ghana	0.3171	514
Ningde	China	0.3169	515
Wroclaw	Poland	0.3168	516
Grande Sao Luis	Brazil	0.3162	517
Kochi	India	0.3161	518
Songyuan	China	0.3157	519
Tomsk	Russia	0.3138	520
Sanming	China	0.3129	521
Pereira	Colombia	0.3124	522
Zhoukou	China	0.3115	523
Pune	India	0.3114	524
Panzhihua	China	0.3112	525
Zhumadian	China	0.3111	526
Ganzhou	China	0.311	527
Longyan	China	0.3108	528

Liaoyang	China	0.3106	529
Londrina	Brazil	0.3103	530
Barnaul	Russia	0.3102	531
Qingyuan	China	0.3101	532
Pachuca de Soto	Mexico	0.3096	533
Quzhou	China	0.3092	534
Novosibirsk	Russia	0.3087	535
Yulin (SX)	China	0.3086	536
Xinyang	China	0.3076	537
Leshan	China	0.3071	538
Weinan	China	0.3067	539
Samsun	Turkey	0.3066	540
Tegucigalpa	Honduras	0.3063	541
Coimbatore	India	0.3055	542
Datong	China	0.3052	543
Barranquilla	Colombia	0.305	544
Meishan	China	0.305	545
La Plata	Argentina	0.3041	546
Chihuahua	Mexico	0.3035	547
Changzhi	China	0.3027	548
Alexandria	Egypt	0.3013	549
Makassar	Indonesia	0.3011	550
Padang	Indonesia	0.3	551
Nanchong	China	0.2998	552
Sanmenxia	China	0.2995	553
Ji' an	China	0.298	554
Liaoyuan	China	0.298	555
Jiujiang	China	0.2972	556
Xianning	China	0.2969	557
Zhangjiakou	China	0.2965	558
Casablanca	Morocco	0.2965	559
Tolyatti	Russia	0.296	560
Joao Pessoa	Brazil	0.296	561
Jincheng	China	0.2958	562
Juiz De Fora	Brazil	0.2946	563
Shaoguan	China	0.2936	564
Bogor	Indonesia	0.2936	565
Teresina	Brazil	0.2935	566
Xiaogan	China	0.2934	567
Qinzhou	China	0.2927	568

Yuncheng	China	0.2926	569
Medan	Indonesia	0.2924	570
Krasnodar	Russia	0.2917	571
Kano	Nigeria	0.2915	572
Huainan	China	0.2912	573
Lishui	China	0.2907	574
Fangchenggang	China	0.2901	575
Siping	China	0.2899	576
Maturín	Venezuela	0.2899	577
Hamadan	Iran	0.2881	578
Mexicali	Mexico	0.288	579
Yangquan	China	0.2879	580
Astrakhan	Russia	0.287	581
Semarang	Indonesia	0.2864	582
San Miguel de Tucuman	Argentina	0.286	583
Fushun	China	0.2854	584
Tongliao	China	0.2854	585
Irkutsk	Russia	0.2854	586
Kingston	Jamaica	0.2853	587
Campo Grande	Brazil	0.2852	588
Karachi	Pakistan	0.285	589
Sanliurfa	Turkey	0.2847	590
Shangqiu	China	0.2847	591
Ryazan	Russia	0.2839	592
Loudi	China	0.2835	593
Yingkou	China	0.2829	594
Huludao	China	0.2826	595
Bhiwandi	India	0.2824	596
Suining	China	0.2824	597
Kozhikode	India	0.2818	598
Shuozhou	China	0.2817	599
Abidjan	Cote d' Ivoire	0.2814	600
Karamay	China	0.2794	601
Zunyi	China	0.2793	602
Hanzhong	China	0.2792	603
Feira De Santana	Brazil	0.279	604
Kemerovo	Russia	0.2789	605
La Paz	Bolivia	0.2788	606
Kolkata	India	0.2784	607
Zaria	Nigeria	0.2782	608

Huaihua	China	0.2776	609
Ulan Bator	Mongolia	0.277	610
Fuyang	China	0.277	611
Guang'an	China	0.2769	612
Chittagong	Bangladesh	0.2769	613
Nanping	China	0.2761	614
Kannur	India	0.276	615
Wuhai	China	0.276	616
Tonghua	China	0.276	617
Shymkent	Kazakhstan	0.2758	618
Esfahan	Iran	0.2748	619
Phnom Penh	Cambodia	0.274	620
Douala	Cameroon	0.2731	621
Dehra Dun	India	0.2731	622
Yunfu	China	0.2723	623
Huambo	Angola	0.2719	624
Jiamusi	China	0.2704	625
Yichun (JX)	China	0.2701	626
Fuzhou (JX)	China	0.2698	627
Cuiaba	Brazil	0.2697	628
Morelia	Mexico	0.2696	629
San Pedro Sula	Honduras	0.2695	630
Hyderabad	India	0.2688	631
Rajshahi	Bangladesh	0.268	632
Chengde	China	0.2676	633
Barquisimeto	Venezuela	0.2673	634
Chifeng	China	0.2673	635
Chuzhou	China	0.2669	636
Anqing	China	0.2669	637
Kayseri	Turkey	0.2667	638
Orenburg	Russia	0.2665	639
Orumiyeh	Iran	0.2662	640
Shanwei	China	0.2661	641
Tampico	Mexico	0.2658	642
Cebu	Philippines	0.2657	643
Mersin	Turkey	0.2655	644
Vereeniging	South Africa	0.2653	645
Khartoum	Sudan	0.2652	646
Lahore	Pakistan	0.2646	647
Dazhou	China	0.2635	648
Gaza	State of Palestine	0.2635	649
Shizuishan	China	0.2629	650
Huangshan	China	0.2624	651
Jinzhong	China	0.2622	652
Chelyabinsk	Russia	0.2618	653
Rostov-on-Don	Russia	0.2618	654
Guigang	China	0.2613	655
Tieling	China	0.261	656
Marrakech	Morocco	0.2604	657
Ta'if	Saudi Arabia	0.2604	658
Cuernavaca	Mexico	0.2603	659
Suihua	China	0.2591	660
Linfen	China	0.2591	661
Anshun	China	0.2588	662
Celaya	Mexico	0.2587	663
Eskisehir	Turkey	0.2587	664
Durg-Bhilai Nagar	India	0.2584	665
Managua	Nicaragua	0.2578	666
Chizhou	China	0.2576	667
Basra	Iraq	0.2572	668
Benxi	China	0.2568	669
Libreville	Gabon	0.2566	670
Qujing	China	0.2565	671
Lu'an	China	0.2557	672
Neijiang	China	0.2554	673
Huanggang	China	0.2553	674
Kampala	Uganda	0.2553	675
Benin City	Nigeria	0.2553	676
Suzhou (AH)	China	0.2537	677
Voronezh	Russia	0.2537	678
Veracruz	Mexico	0.2532	679
Malappuram	India	0.2532	680
Yongzhou	China	0.2529	681
Xuancheng	China	0.2528	682
Tasikmalaya	Indonesia	0.2528	683
Colombo	Sri Lanka	0.2522	684
Yan'an	China	0.2521	685
Ahmedabad	India	0.2513	686
Port-au-Prince	Haiti	0.251	687
Rasht	Iran	0.251	688

Enugu	Nigeria	0.2507	689
Misratah	Libya	0.2504	690
Omsk	Russia	0.25	691
Kota	India	0.2495	692
Guwahati	India	0.249	693
Krasnoyarsk	Russia	0.2487	694
Ibagué	Colombia	0.2485	695
Chongzuo	China	0.2484	696
Benghazi	Libya	0.2473	697
Acapulco	Mexico	0.2468	698
Bozhou	China	0.2455	699
Puducherry	India	0.2454	700
Kollam	India	0.2452	701
Chaoyang	China	0.2451	702
Heyuan	China	0.2449	703
Harare	Zimbabwe	0.2448	704
Akure	Nigeria	0.2438	705
Maceio	Brazil	0.2429	706
Novokuznetsk	Russia	0.2427	707
Natal	Brazil	0.2422	708
Fuxin	China	0.2409	709
Hufuf-Mubarraz	Saudi Arabia	0.2408	710
Krivoi Rog	Ukraine	0.2392	711
Chiclayo	Peru	0.2389	712
Aba	Nigeria	0.2386	713
Haiphong	Vietnam	0.2385	714
Qingyang	China	0.2385	715
Jos	Nigeria	0.2383	716
Thiruvananthapuram	India	0.2375	717
Can Tho	Vietnam	0.2362	718
Meizhou	China	0.2362	719
Port Said	Egypt	0.2362	720
Davao	Philippines	0.2361	721
Mudanjiang	China	0.2354	722
Meknes	Morocco	0.2353	723
Concepcion	Chile	0.2347	724
Suizhou	China	0.2346	725
Cucuta	Colombia	0.2341	726
Yekaterinburg	Russia	0.2341	727
Islamabad	Pakistan	0.2339	728

Karbala	Iraq	0.2336	729
Ludhiana	India	0.2335	730
Bahawalpur	Pakistan	0.2332	731
Mangalore	India	0.2328	732
Nizhny Novgorod	Russia	0.2321	733
Da Nang	Vietnam	0.2319	734
Shaoyang	China	0.2315	735
Ibadan	Nigeria	0.231	736
Oaxaca	Mexico	0.2299	737
Baishan	China	0.2297	738
Tuxtla Gutierrez	Mexico	0.2294	739
Lome	Togo	0.2291	740
Baoshan	China	0.2277	741
Hanoi	Vietnam	0.2276	742
Salem	India	0.2272	743
Ho Chi Minh City	Vietnam	0.2271	744
Aracaju	Brazil	0.2271	745
Diyarbakir	Turkey	0.2267	746
Poza Rica	Mexico	0.2263	747
Safaqis	Tunisia	0.2257	748
Guangyuan	China	0.2254	749
Qom	Iran	0.2249	750
Hezhou	China	0.2249	751
Izhevsk	Russia	0.2242	752
Owerri	Nigeria	0.2242	753
Dandong	China	0.2238	754
Denizli	Turkey	0.2232	755
Baise	China	0.2228	756
Qiqihar	China	0.2226	757
Baicheng	China	0.2225	758
Uyo	Nigeria	0.2224	759
Lvliang	China	0.2221	760
Kitwe	Zambia	0.2219	761
Mombasa	Kenya	0.2219	762
Khabarovsk	Russia	0.2207	763
Ankang	China	0.2203	764
Kumasi	Ghana	0.2203	765
Bucaramanga	Colombia	0.2202	766
Chisinau	Republic of Moldova	0.2202	767
Rabat	Morocco	0.2201	768

Lusaka	Zambia	0.2201	769
Jodhpur	India	0.22	770
Florianopolis	Brazil	0.2199	771
Ciudad Guayana	Venezuela	0.2196	772
Nagpur	India	0.2196	773
Nasiriyah	Iraq	0.2189	774
Denpasar	Indonesia	0.2187	775
Surat	India	0.2187	776
Lincang	China	0.2186	777
Pointe-Noire	Republic of the Congo	0.2174	778
Ulanqab	China	0.2167	779
Yaan	China	0.2164	780
Jiayuguan	China	0.2164	781
Wuzhong	China	0.2157	782
Cagayan de Oro	Philippines	0.2156	783
Bhubaneswar	India	0.2155	784
Pingliang	China	0.2154	785
Thrissur	India	0.2151	786
Laibin	China	0.215	787
Kermanshah	Iran	0.2144	788
Xinzhou	China	0.2138	789
Villavicencio	Colombia	0.2137	790
Dar es Salaam	Tanzania	0.2137	791
Tlaxcala	Mexico	0.213	792
Tangier	Morocco	0.2124	793
Visakhapatnam	India	0.2121	794
Asansol	India	0.2114	795
Hyderabad	Pakistan	0.211	796
Kathmandu	Nepal	0.211	797
Santa Marta	Colombia	0.2101	798
Shangluo	China	0.2097	799
Amritsar	India	0.2095	800
Hulunbuir	China	0.2093	801
Xalapa	Mexico	0.209	802
Dakar	Senegal	0.2084	803
Aurangabad	India	0.2082	804
Kerman	Iran	0.2073	805
Patna	India	0.207	806
Jalandhar	India	0.207	807
Brazzaville	Republic of the Congo	0.205	808

Sylhet	Bangladesh	0.2039	809
Zhongwei	China	0.2038	810
Oshogbo	Nigeria	0.203	811
Warri	Nigeria	0.2013	812
Volgograd	Russia	0.2004	813
Bazhong	China	0.2003	814
General Santos City	Philippines	0.1998	815
Yaounde	Cameroon	0.1994	816
Lucknow	India	0.1991	817
Kharkov	Ukraine	0.1988	818
Fes	Morocco	0.1986	819
Faisalabad	Pakistan	0.1986	820
Jaipur	India	0.1977	821
Tianshui	China	0.197	822
Bayannur	China	0.1966	823
Asmara	Eritrea	0.1965	824
Erode	India	0.1957	825
Khulna	Bangladesh	0.1957	826
Ardabil	Iran	0.1955	827
Tirupati	India	0.1955	828
Bandar Lampung	Indonesia	0.1953	829
Sialkot	Pakistan	0.195	830
Nouakchott	Mauritania	0.1948	831
Tashkent	Uzbekistan	0.1938	832
Mysore	India	0.1931	833
Makhachkala	Russia	0.1928	834
Qitaihe	China	0.1927	835
Kinshasa	Democratic Republic of the Congo	0.1923	836
Jamshedpur	India	0.1916	837
Tiruchirappalli	India	0.1898	838
Kolhapur	India	0.1895	839
Dingxi	China	0.1894	840
Onitsha	Nigeria	0.1892	841
Tongchuan	China	0.1888	842
Vellore	India	0.1886	843
Jinchang	China	0.1886	844
Ilorin	Nigeria	0.1876	845
Yerevan	Armenia	0.1875	846
Zhaotong	China	0.1872	847
Varanasi	India	0.1869	848

Wuwei	China	0.1866	849
Rawalpindi	Pakistan	0.1861	850
Kabul	Afghanistan	0.1861	851
Ranchi	India	0.1851	852
Bacolod	Philippines	0.1844	853
Tiruppur	India	0.1841	854
Meerut	India	0.1839	855
Shuangyashan	China	0.183	856
Konya	Turkey	0.1827	857
Vladivostok	Russia	0.1827	858
Jambi	Indonesia	0.1823	859
Gwalior	India	0.1809	860
Madurai	India	0.1807	861
Tabuk	Saudi Arabia	0.1796	862
Kurnool	India	0.1793	863
Durango	Mexico	0.1788	864
Siliguri	India	0.1775	865
Longnan	China	0.1771	866
Bokaro Steel City	India	0.1763	867
Rajkot	India	0.1762	868
Banjarmasin	Indonesia	0.1756	869
Baiyin	China	0.1752	870
Indore	India	0.1748	871
Pontianak	Indonesia	0.1748	872
Yazd	Iran	0.1748	873
Nashik	India	0.1746	874
Hechi	China	0.1744	875
Sokoto	Nigeria	0.1741	876
Cuttack	India	0.1738	877
Namangan	Uzbekistan	0.1733	878
Najaf	Iraq	0.1729	879
Jamnagar	India	0.1726	880
Guyuan	China	0.1724	881
Jixi	China	0.1722	882
Jammu	India	0.1709	883
Vadodara	India	0.1697	884
Bhopal	India	0.1694	885
Heihe	China	0.1689	886
Cherthala	India	0.1689	887
Puer	China	0.1685	888

Ulyanovsk	Russia	0.1685	889
Zhangjiajie	China	0.1685	890
Raurkela	India	0.1684	891
Guntur	India	0.1667	892
Kaduna	Nigeria	0.1664	893
Aligarh	India	0.1663	894
Peshawar	Pakistan	0.1657	895
Vijayawada	India	0.1653	896
Zhangye	China	0.1651	897
Allahabad	India	0.1651	898
Dhanbad	India	0.1641	899
Zamboanga	Philippines	0.164	900
Lijiang	China	0.1635	901
Saharanpur	India	0.1622	902
Kanpur	India	0.1621	903
Srinagar	India	0.1615	904
Dnipropetrovsk	Ukraine	0.1611	905
Zaporizhzhya	Ukraine	0.1604	906
Muzaffarnagar	India	0.16	907
Vientiane	Laos	0.1592	908
Hubli-Dharwad	India	0.1586	909
Sangali	India	0.1584	910
Zanzibar	Tanzania	0.1568	911
Chandigarh	India	0.1565	912
Sukkur	Pakistan	0.1563	913
Odessa	Ukraine	0.1554	914
Bareilly	India	0.1554	915
Gujranwala	Pakistan	0.1548	916
Lvov	Ukraine	0.1537	917
Lubumbashi	Democratic Republic of the Congo	0.1531	918
Kigali	Rwanda	0.1528	919
Hegang	China	0.1515	920
Agra	India	0.1513	921
Multan	Pakistan	0.1512	922
Rangoon	Myanmar	0.1508	923
Bien Hoa	Vietnam	0.1505	924
Salta	Argentina	0.1474	925
Jabalpur	India	0.1466	926
Moradabad	India	0.1464	927
Imphal	India	0.1464	928

Sekondi	Ghana	0.1462	929
Addis Ababa	Ethiopia	0.1431	930
Mosul	Iraq	0.1422	931
Zahedan	Iran	0.1418	932
Belgaum	India	0.1408	933
Bogra	Bangladesh	0.1407	934
Durgapur	India	0.1402	935
Quetta	Pakistan	0.1399	936
Bhavnagar	India	0.1398	937
Monrovia	Liberia	0.1397	938
Ajmer	India	0.1389	939
Gulbarga	India	0.1388	940
Mathura	India	0.1381	941
Amravati	India	0.1377	942
Solapur	India	0.1375	943
Niamey	Niger	0.1374	944
Freetown	Sierra Leone	0.1372	945
Mwanza	Tanzania	0.1362	946
Bulawayo	Zimbabwe	0.1358	947
Nyala	Sudan	0.1336	948
Yichun (HLJ)	China	0.1335	949
Donetsk	Ukraine	0.1323	950
Ujjain	India	0.1309	951
Suez	Egypt	0.1302	952
Nanded Waghala	India	0.13	953
Jiuquan	China	0.1293	954
Firozabad	India	0.128	955
Jhansi	India	0.1265	956
Gorakhpur	India	0.1245	957
Tirunelveli	India	0.1241	958
Abomey-Calavi	Benin	0.1234	959
Damascus	Syria	0.1231	960
Kayamkulam	India	0.1229	961
Cotonou	Benin	0.1223	962
Nellore	India	0.1214	963
Sargodha	Pakistan	0.121	964
Sana'a'	Yemen	0.1183	965
Bikaner	India	0.1166	966
Malegaon	India	0.1166	967

Djibouti	Djibouti	0.1164	968
Warangal	India	0.1135	969
Bamako	Mali	0.1131	970
Agadir	Morocco	0.1117	971
Bishkek	Kyrgyzstan	0.1102	972
Maiduguri	Nigeria	0.1083	973
Blantyre-Limbe	Malawi	0.1082	974
Ouagadougou	Burkina Faso	0.1058	975
Raipur	India	0.1043	976
Nnewi	Nigeria	0.1038	977
Matola	Mozambique	0.099	978
Nay Pyi Taw	Myanmar	0.0981	979
Bouake	Cote d'Ivoire	0.0966	980
Conakry	Guinea	0.0929	981
Mandalay	Myanmar	0.0913	982
Hamah	Syria	0.091	983
Mogadishu	Somalia	0.0886	984
Latakia	Syria	0.0882	985
Bujumbura	Burundi	0.0867	986
Antananarivo	Madagascar	0.0865	987
Hargeysa	Somalia	0.0841	988
Maputo	Mozambique	0.0817	989
Lilongwe	Malawi	0.0811	990
Tshikapa	Democratic Republic of the Congo	0.0795	991
Bobo Dioulasso	Burkina Faso	0.0777	992
Aleppo	Syria	0.0746	993
Aden	Yemen	0.0743	994
Dushanbe	Tajikistan	0.0699	995
Mbuji-Mayi	Democratic Republic of the Congo	0.0698	996
Al-Raqqa	Syria	0.0668	997
Kananga	Democratic Republic of the Congo	0.0583	998
Homs	Syria	0.0573	999
Bukavu	Democratic Republic of the Congo	0.0571	1000
Nampula	Mozambique	0.0569	1001
Hodeidah	Yemen	0.0379	1002
N'Djamena	Chad	0.0253	1003
Taiz	Yemen	0.0202	1004
Bangui	Central African Republic	0.0195	1005
Kisangani	Democratic Republic of the Congo	0	1006

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